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inclosed résumé of plague cases and plague measures from various countries—all taken from official sources.

Respectfully,

M. J. ROSENAU,

*Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*

[Inclosure.]

GERMANY.—The minister of the interior on August 31 invited the authorities of the coast states to take sanitary control of the commerce from Glasgow.

HOLLAND.—Glasgow was declared infected and a ten days' quarantine instituted.

From September 7 rags, old clothes, unwashed bed or body linen from Glasgow were forbidden entry into the country or transportation through the country. This restriction applies to unwashed dirty bed or body linen in baggage, although exception is made of such which plainly did not originate in Glasgow, and packed and transported in such a manner as not to come in contact with suspected material.

DENMARK.—Persons coming by sea from Glasgow must pass ten days in quarantine under medical observation. Persons who came to Denmark from Glasgow before September 1 are required to report daily to the nearest police station until the completion of the ten days from their arrival. Goods from Glasgow are placed under the regulations promulgated May 14, 1900.

SWEDEN.—Glasgow was declared plague infected from September 1.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Announces 22 cases of plague isolated in hospitals and 115 persons under observation on September 17. The portion of the city where the cases of plague appeared is quarantined and placed under strict sanitary inspection. All sick are isolated. The suspects placed under medical observation. The disinfection is painstakingly done with formaldehyd.

A sailor from Buenos Ayres on the ship *Highland Mary*, arriving at Liverpool August 27, had the plague and is isolated in the Port Sanitary Authority's Hospital.

GREECE.—Vessels from the Syrian coast are only allowed in the harbors of Pyräus, Patras, Calamata, Corfu, Syra, or Volo, and then only after a careful medical inspection of every single person, both passengers and crew, before given free pratique.

TURKEY.—The source of the infection of the case of plague on the steamer *Niger* is suspected of being Beirut. The international sanitary council determined to have a medical inspection of all traffic from the Syrian and Asia Minor coasts to the Dardanelles in ports having a sanitary physician. Vessels going to Constantinople are again inspected in the Dardanelles.

EGYPT.—There was a case of plague in Alexandria on September 12.

In accordance with the decision of the international sanitary council traffic from Glasgow is placed under the provisional plague regulations.

ALGIERS.—From September 12, health certificates are required of all persons from Great Britain and Ireland.

BRITISH INDIA.—In Bombay there were 105 cases in the week of August 21 to 28; and 88 cases and 63 deaths in the week of August 28 to September 3, of which 55 were plague.

In Calcutta for the three weeks from August 1 to 21, there were 73, 63, and 50 cases, and 71, 56, and 51 deaths from plague.

HONGKONG.—There were 33 cases and 34 deaths from plague confirmed.

#### BARBADOS.

#### *Quarantine information.*

BARBADOS, *September 15, 1900.*

SIR: Consequent on the information conveyed by the public telegrams, Glasgow, with its suburbs, has been declared to be infected with plague.

On the 3d instant the bark *Beagle* arrived here in twenty-two days from Maceio with a British consular bill of health dated the 7th ultimo. indorsed, "In the fifteen days prior to date there have been 5 cases of smallpox reported, but no deaths." There is very little communication between this colony and Maceio.

On the 12 instant the steamship *Hevelius* arrived here in ten days from Rio de Janeiro with a British consular bill of health dated the 7th instant, indorsed to the effect that during the fortnight ended August

15th there had been 3 cases and 4 deaths from yellow fever, 21 cases and 10 deaths from smallpox, and 64 cases and 23 deaths from plague. The United States consul's bill of health was indorsed that in the fortnight ended September 1 there had been 5 deaths from yellow fever, 20 deaths from smallpox, and 25 cases and 9 deaths from plague.

Respectfully,

JAS. SANDERSON,  
Clerk Quarantine Board.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,  
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

BRAZIL.

*Vital statistics of Bahia for the month of June, 1900.*

BAHIA, BRAZIL, September 4, 1900.

SIR: I beg leave to inclose herewith a report setting forth the vital statistics of Bahia City for the month of June, 1900. This report has been prepared by this office from the official report which was published on August 25, 1900.

Respectfully,

H. W. FURNISS,  
United States Consul.

HON. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

[Inclosure.]

*Summary vital statistics of Bahia for month of June, 1900.*

Maximum temperature.....	26.5° C.	Nationality—Continued.	
Minimum temperature.....	23° C.	Brazilian.....	371
Average temperature.....	24.67° C.	French.....	2
Average relative humidity.....	84°	Italian.....	1
Rainfall.....	225 mm.	Portuguese.....	5
Rainy days.....	15	Spanish.....	1
Prevailing winds.....	NNE., E., NE.	Causes of death—	
Cases of infectious diseases—		Beriberi.....	6
Yellow fever (a)—		Diphtheria.....	1
Male.....	2	Enteric fever.....	5
Female.....	0	Leprosy.....	0
Treated in hospital.....	0	Measles.....	5
Died in hospital.....	0	Smallpox.....	0
Treated in residence.....	2	Typhus fever.....	0
Died in residence.....	1	Yellow fever.....	1
Smallpox—		Asthma.....	1
Deaths.....	0	Bright's disease.....	3
Lepers in hospital at close of last month—		Bronchitis.....	15
Male.....	12	Carcinoma.....	2
Female.....	4	Cerebral hemorrhage and congestion.....	13
Entered during month.....	0	Diabetes.....	0
Died during month.....	0	Diarrhea and dysentery.....	52
Left hospital during month.....	0	Diseases of circulatory system.....	31
Births, alive (b)—		Elephantiasis.....	0
Male.....	72	Influenza.....	10
Female.....	47	Malarial fevers.....	24
Legitimate.....	64	Meningitis.....	7
Illegitimate.....	55	Nephritis.....	6
Births, stillborn.....	19	Pneumonia.....	9
Male.....	11	Syphilis.....	2
Female.....	8	Tetanus.....	4
Marriages.....	44	Tetanus neonatorum.....	10
Deaths—		Tuberculosis, pulmonary.....	70
Male.....	191	Tuberculosis, other.....	2
Female.....	207	Other causes.....	119
Nationality—		Died in hospital.....	90
African.....	18	Vaccinated during month.....	49

a Yellow fever cases: Period of acclimatization, 1 of eight years, having been born here and absent for short time, other of seven days. Both Brazilian and both white.

b Incomplete.